



The Garden

The City of San Jacinto's new water-wise garden has been designed with water conservation in mind. The purpose of this garden is to educate our community about the beauty and water saving benefits of planting drought tolerant and native California plants. The garden was designed primarily with California native plants. However, there are also plants from around the world that thrive in Southern California. Plants from Mexico, South America, the American Southwest, the Mediterranean, South Africa and Australia. Due to the historical nature of the park, we thought it important to identify the origins of the plants. The garden is roughly divided into climate regions; Desert, Inland Chaparral, Coastal and Mediterranean or Southern Californian. These divisions are not strict and plants are aesthetically mixed throughout the Garden. But plants are grouped by similar water needs. Each of these areas are irrigated differently in order to show that there are many different ways to irrigate which are 'Water Wise'.

Coastal Planting



This area is anchored by plants from Catalina Island, Baja California and the Coasts of North and South California, but includes only those plants that can withstand the increased heat and cold of the San Jacinto Valley. When you are selecting plants for your landscape, always note their frost and heat



Inland Chaparral Planting

Chaparral is a California plant community that occurs in foothills from the coasts to the Sierra Nevada and all the mountain ranges of Southern California. These plants are well adapted to the San Jacinto Valley and will create a true native look to your garden.



Estudillo Heritage Park Water Conservation Education Garden

**“KEEP IT WATER-WISE,
KEEP IT BEAUTIFUL”**

A Rich History, A Bright Future

**A cooperative effort of the
City of San Jacinto Redevelopment Agency,
Eastern Municipal Water District and
Metropolitan Water District of Southern California**



Inland Chaparral Area

Mediterranean Planting

This area has the greatest mixture of plant origins. 'Ornamental Southern California' would be another title for this area. Australia, Mediterranean Region, South Africa and South American plants have been used in Southern California for decades. 'Water-Wise' plants do not require the fertilization that standard ornamentals do. Over fertilization of drought tolerant plants will speed their growth but often shorten their life span.



Coastal Area



Mediterranean Area

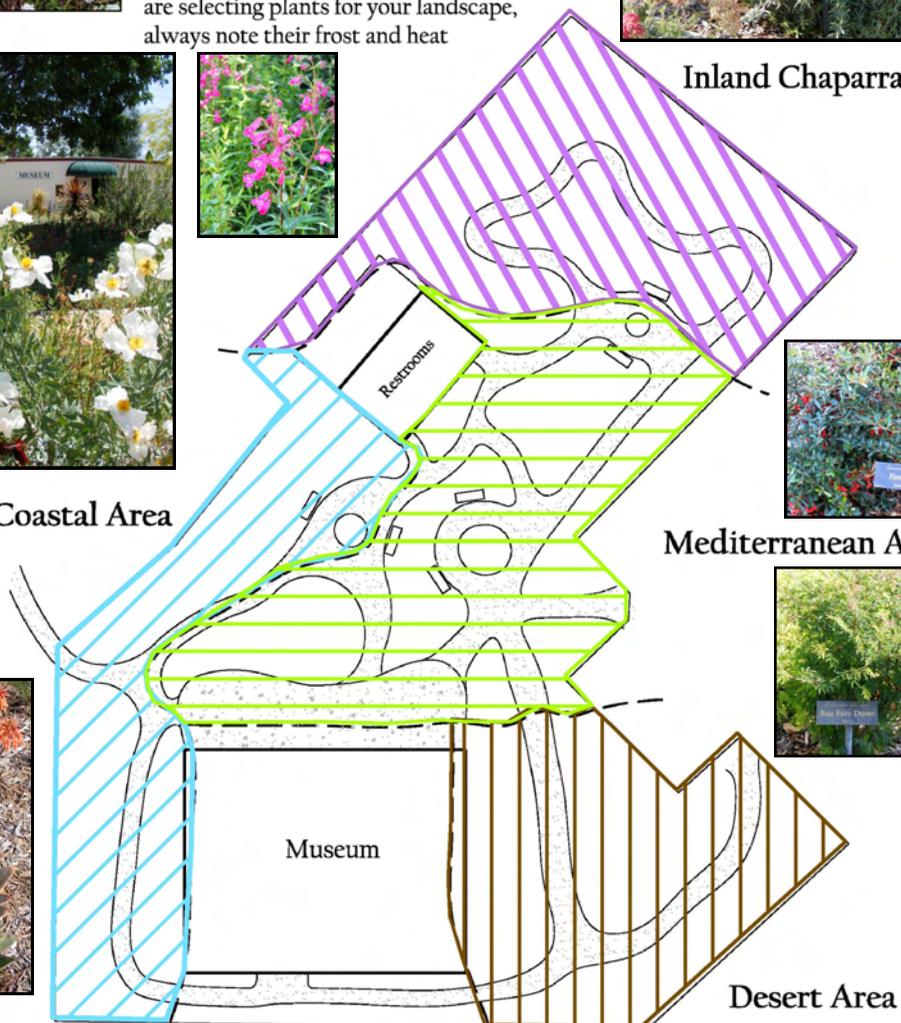
This sparsely planted area reflects natural terrain plants from California High Deserts (Victor Valley), Low Deserts (Coachella Valley), as well as Baja California, Arizona, Texas and others. The lowest water use plants from other regions are also included here. Low water use plants can not usually withstand conventional spray irrigation or overhead watering of any kind.



NOTES:



City of San Jacinto Museum
695 Ash Street—San Jacinto, CA 92583
Phone: 951-654-4952 Call For Hours
www.ci.san-jacinto.ca.us



SHRUB

'AC' Sage
 Australian Dracaena
 Baja Fairy Duster
 Black Sage
 Bottle Brush
 Blue Oat Grass
 Bush Morning Glory
 Bush Sunflower
 California Encelia
 California Fuschia
 California Laurel
 California Sage Brush
 Canyon Prince Giant Wild Rye
 Centennial Coyote Brush
 Century Plant
 Century Plant, Variegated
 Chuparosa
 Cleveland Sage
 Coast Silk Tassel
 Coral Aloe
 Coreopsis 'Early Sunrise'
 Cotoneaster buxifolius
 Cream Fortnight Lily
 Desert Agave
 Desert Spoon
 Dusty Miller
 Dwarf Bottlebrush
 Dwarf Poinciana
 English Lavender
 Fairy Duster
 Feather Reed Grass
 Feathery Cassia
 Firethorn
 Flannel Bush
 Flax
 Flowering Pine
 Foxtail Agave
 Fuchsia Flowering Gooseberry
 Giant Coreopsis



Ground Morning Glory
 Hardy Yellow Trumpet Flower
 Indian Fig
 Island Bush Snapdragon
 Jojoba
 Kangaroo Paw
 Lemonade Berry
 Lilac
 Lion's Tail
 Lord's Candle
 Low Germander
 Medicinal Aloes
 Mexican Grass Tree
 Nolina
 Ocotillo
 Octopus Agave
 Orchid Rockrose
 Oregon Grape
 Organ Pipe Cactus
 Ponytail Palm
 Powis Castle Wormwood
 Prostrate Rosemary
 Purple Hopseed Bush
 Purple Sage
 Red Fountain Grass
 Red Yucca
 Sageleaf Rockrose
 Salt Bush
 Scarlet Bugler
 Showy Penstemon
 Southern Yucca
 Sugar Bush
 Swordfern
 Texas Sage
 Torch Lily
 Tree Mallow
 Western Lilac
 Wild Rose
 Yellow Oleander



GROUND COVER

Bearberry
 Blanketflower
 Blue-eyed Grass
 California Buckwheat
 California Currant
 Coyote Brush
 Creeping Mahonia
 Deer Grass
 Low BearBerry
 Matilija Poppy
 Mauve Clusters
 Mexican Primrose
 Monkey Flower
 Myoporum
 Poverty Weed
 Stone Crop
 Sun Rose
 Trailing Indigo Bush
 Yarrow
 Yellow Gold Lantana



TREE

Blue Palo Verde
 California Walnut
 Desert Willow
 Hollyleaf Cherry
 Mexican Palo Verde
 Pacific Wax Myrtle
 Pineapple Guava
 Toyon
 Western Redbud

VINES

Cats Claw

Plant Resources

Nurseries that grow drought tolerant, low water, plant material used at the City of San Jacinto Estudillo Heritage Park Water Conservation Garden include the following:

B&B Nurserytown, 25260 Sultanas Rd, Homeland 951.926.1134
 California Cactus Center, Pasadena 626.795.2788 www.cactuscenter.com
 El Nativo, Azusa 626.969.8449 www.elnativogrowers.com
 GroWest Nurseries, 1700 Growest Ave, Riverside 951.780.1552
 Mockingbird Nurseries, Riverside 951.780.3571 www.mockingbirdnursery.com
 Tree of Life, San Juan Capistrano 949.728.0685 www.californianativeplants.com
 Village Nurseries, Asst Locations 800.542.0209 www.villagenurseries.com

Non-Profit Nurseries / Resources

UC Riverside Botanic Gardens 951.784.6962 <http://gardens.ucr.edu>
 The Living Desert Palo Verde Garden Center, Palm Desert 760.346.5694
<http://www.livingdesert.org>
 The Theodore Payne Foundation, 10459 Tuxford St, Sun Valley 818.768.1802
<http://www.theodorepayne.org>

